



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VI	Department: Social Science	Sub: Economics
Worksheet No: 12	Topic: Economic Activities Around US	Year: 2025-26

I	Multiple Choice Questions: -
1	AMUL collecting milk from farmers is an example of: a) Secondary activity b) Tertiary activity c) Primary activity d) Retail activity
2	Selling goods in shops comes under which sector? a) Primary b) Secondary c) Tertiary d) Industrial
3	Which statement is correct? a) Primary sector provides services b) Tertiary sector supports both primary and secondary sector c) Secondary sector provides raw materials d) Tertiary sector depends on nature
4	Factories mainly belong to which sector? a) Primary b) Secondary c) Tertiary d) Agricultural
5	Raw materials for industries come mainly from the: a) Secondary sector b) Tertiary sector c) Primary sector d) Service sector
II	Fill in the blanks: -
6	The root of prosperity is _____. economic Activity.
7	Without services like banking and transport, the _____ and _____ sectors cannot function smoothly. Primary, Secondary
8	All three sectors are connected because the output of one sector becomes the _____ of another sector. Input
9	When raw cotton is changed into cloth, the activity moves from the _____ sector to the _____ sector. Primary, Secondary
10	_____passenger vehicles were produced in India in 2022. 45 Lakhs
III	Answer the following questions in one or two sentences: -
11	What is dairy farming? Name two dairy products made from milk. Dairy farming is the activity of rearing cows and buffaloes to obtain milk and milk products. Butter and cheese are two dairy products made from milk.
12	What is pasteurization? How does pasteurization help increase the shelf life of milk? Pasteurisation is the process of heating milk to a specific temperature and then cooling it quickly to kill harmful germs. It slows down the growth of bacteria, allowing milk to stay fresh for a longer time.
13	What is Interdependence? Interdependence means different sectors or people rely on each other to work properly. In economics, it shows how primary, secondary, and tertiary sectors need each other to function smoothly.

14	<p>Why Restaurant Services Are Part of the Tertiary Sector</p> <p>Tertiary sector provides services – It does not produce goods; instead, it helps in selling, transporting, or providing services to people or businesses.</p> <p>Restaurant services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Taking orders from customers ○ Cooking and serving food ○ Billing and payment services ○ Cleaning and managing the restaurant <p>These activities help people meet their needs, rather than producing raw materials or finished goods.</p> <p>Conclusion: All activities in a restaurant, like serving food and providing customer service, are tertiary sector activities because they provide services rather than create products.</p>
IV	<p>Read the passage and answer the following questions: -</p>
15	<p>Economic activities are the tasks people do to earn a living and fulfill their needs. These activities are classified into three main sectors: primary, secondary, and tertiary. The primary sector includes activities that use natural resources directly, such as farming, fishing, and mining. Farmers grow crops like wheat and rice, while fishermen catch fish from rivers and seas. The secondary sector is involved in processing raw materials into finished products. For instance, sugarcane is transformed into sugar, and cotton is woven into clothes. Factories and workshops are the main places where these activities take place. The tertiary sector provides services that support both primary and secondary activities. Services like transportation, banking, and retail help move goods from producers to consumers. For example, trucks carry milk from farms to processing plants, and shops sell the final products to customers. All three sectors are interconnected. Without farmers, factories cannot produce; without factories, there are no finished products; without transport and trade, products cannot reach consumers. Understanding how these sectors work together helps us appreciate the complex system that keeps the economy running smoothly.</p> <p>a) Why do you think farmers and fishermen are placed in the primary sector? Answer: Farmers and fishermen are placed in the primary sector because they get their resources directly from nature, like crops from the land and fish from water.</p> <p>b) How does the secondary sector depend on the primary sector? Answer: The secondary sector depends on the primary sector for raw materials, such as sugarcane for sugar and cotton for cloth.</p> <p>c) Why is transportation considered part of the tertiary sector? Answer: Transportation is part of the tertiary sector because it provides a service that helps move goods from producers to consumers.</p> <p>d) How do all three sectors work together to keep the economy running smoothly? Answer: All three sectors work together because the primary sector provides raw materials, the secondary sector makes finished goods, and the tertiary sector delivers these goods to people.</p>

V Identify the pictures and answer the following questions: -

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- a) Which sector of the economy does the communication tower belong to and why?
Answer: It belongs to the tertiary sector because it provides services like mobile and internet connectivity.
- b) How does the communication tower help people earn income?
Answer: The tower creates jobs for engineers, technicians, maintenance workers, and service providers.
- c) How is the communication tower connected to other economic activities around us?
Answer: It supports activities such as online business, banking, education, transport booking, and trade by providing network services.
- d) What would be the economic impact if the communication tower stopped functioning?
Answer: Many services like online transactions, business communication, and emergency services would be disrupted, affecting the economy.

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- a) In which year was AMUL established?
Answer: AMUL was established in 1946.
- b) Who were the leaders responsible for setting up AMUL?
Answer: Tribhuvandas Patel and Dr. Varghese Kurien.
- c) What were the professions of the founders of AMUL?
Answer: Tribhuvandas Patel was a lawyer and freedom fighter, and Dr. Varghese Kurien was an engineer working at a dairy factory.
- d) AMUL is related to which type of economic activity?
Answer: AMUL is related to primary sector (dairy farming) and secondary sector (processing milk into products).